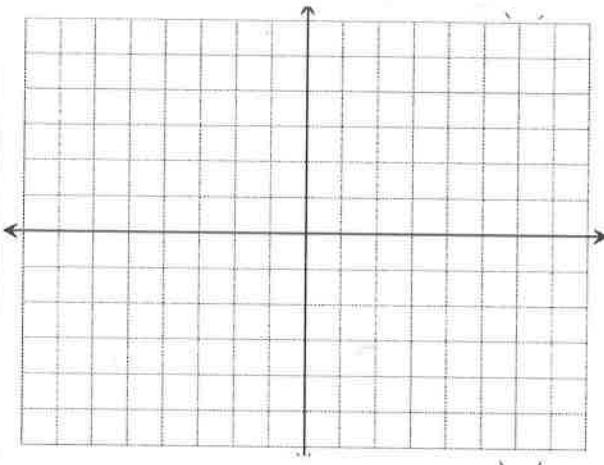


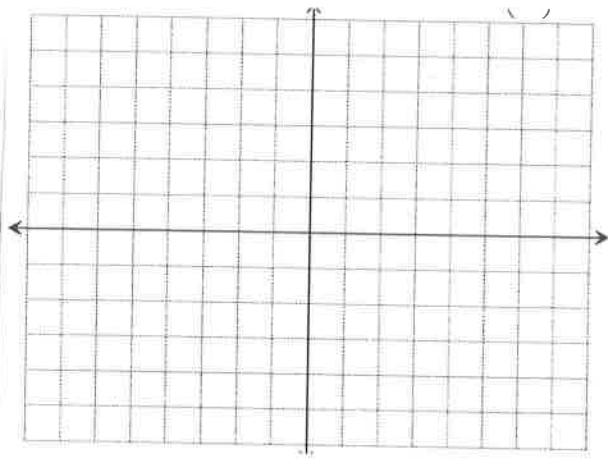
## Examples-Amplitude and Period Degrees

Using degrees, find the amplitude and period of each function. Be sure to include your 5 critical points. Then graph.

1)  $y = 2\sin 2\theta$



2)  $y = 3\cos 4\theta$



$a = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$pd = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$CP: \circ \circ \circ \circ \circ$

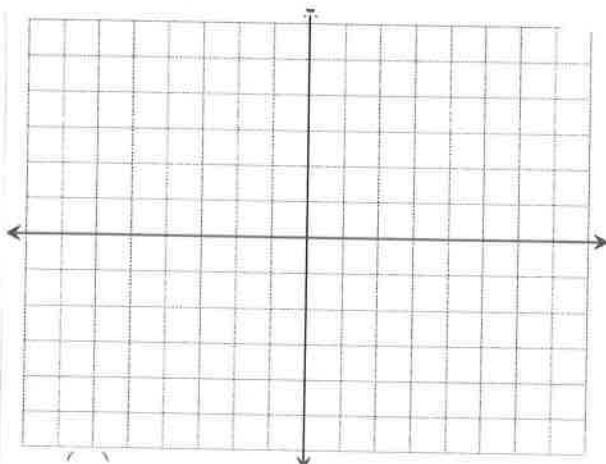
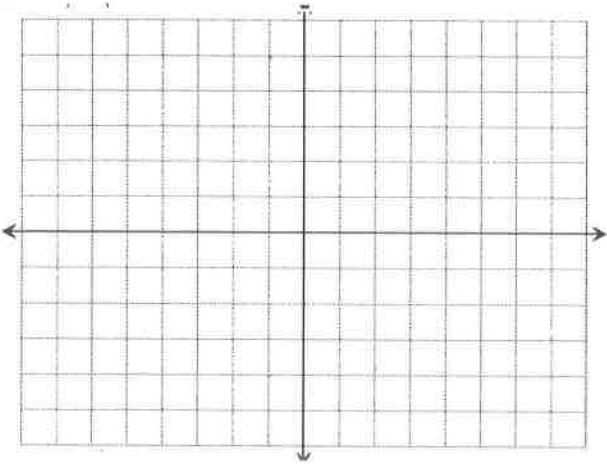
$a = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$pd = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$CP: \circ \circ \circ \circ \circ$

3)  $y = 2\tan 2\theta$

4)  $y = 3\sin \frac{\theta}{3}$



$a = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$pd = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

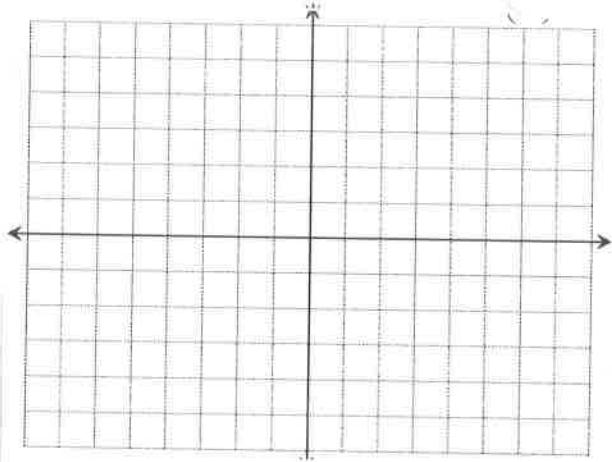
$CP: \circ \circ \circ \circ \circ$

$a = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$pd = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$CP: \circ \circ \circ \circ \circ$

5)  $y = 4\cos \frac{\theta}{2}$

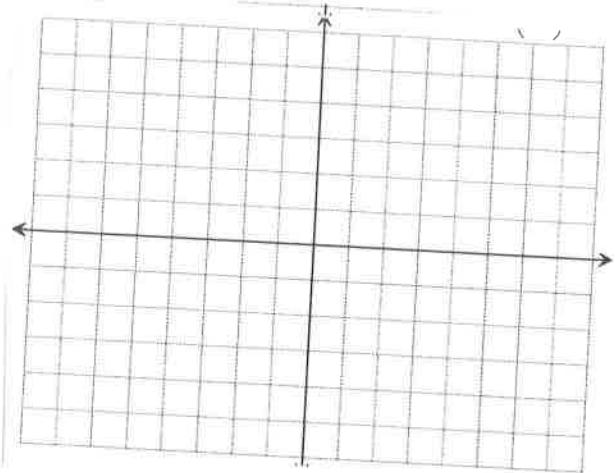


$a =$  \_\_\_\_\_

$pd =$  \_\_\_\_\_

CP: o - - - o - - - o

6)  $y = 4\tan \frac{\theta}{3}$



$a =$  \_\_\_\_\_

$pd =$  \_\_\_\_\_

CP: o - - - o - - - o

**Using degrees, find the amplitude and period of each function.**

7)  $y = 9\sin 4\theta$

$a =$  \_\_\_\_\_

$pd =$  \_\_\_\_\_

8)  $y = 8\cos 8\theta$

$a =$  \_\_\_\_\_

$pd =$  \_\_\_\_\_

9)  $y = 10\tan 4\theta$

$a =$  \_\_\_\_\_

$pd =$  \_\_\_\_\_

10)  $y = \frac{1}{3} \cdot \sin \frac{\theta}{4}$

$a =$  \_\_\_\_\_

$pd =$  \_\_\_\_\_

11)  $y = 2\cos \frac{\theta}{6}$

$a =$  \_\_\_\_\_

$pd =$  \_\_\_\_\_

12)  $y = 9\tan \frac{\theta}{6}$

$a =$  \_\_\_\_\_

$pd =$  \_\_\_\_\_