

1)  $P = 2L + 2W$  Solve for  $L$

$$L = \frac{P - 2W}{2}$$

Do	Undo
$\circlearrowleft 2$	$\div 2$
$+2W$	$-2W$
$=P$	$=P$

2)  $S = 2\pi r h$  Solve for  $h$

$$h = \frac{S}{2\pi r}$$

Do	Undo
$\circlearrowleft r$	$\div r$
$\cdot 2\pi$	$\div 2\pi$
$=S$	$=S$

3)  $E = mc^2$  Solve for  $m$

$$m = \frac{E}{c^2}$$

Do	Undo
$\circlearrowleft c^2$	$\div c^2$
$=E$	$=E$

4)  $-20x - 50 = 30$  Solve for  $y$

$$y = \frac{30 + 20}{-5}$$

Do	Undo
$\circlearrowleft 5$	$\div 5$
$-20x$	$+20x$
$=30$	$=30$

5)  $6x - 3y = -15$  Solve for  $x$

$$x = \frac{-15 - 3y}{6}$$

Do	Undo
$\circlearrowleft 6$	$\div 6$
$+3y$	$-3y$
$=-15$	$=-15$

6)  $12x - 4y = 20$  Solve for  $y$

$$y = \frac{20 - 12x}{-4}$$

Do	Undo
$\circlearrowleft 4$	$\div -4$
$+12x$	$-12x$
$=20$	$=20$

7)  $A = 4\pi r^2$  Solve for  $r^2$

$$r^2 = \frac{A}{4\pi}$$

Do	Undo
$\circlearrowleft 4\pi$	$\div 4\pi$
$=A$	$=A$

8)  $A = \frac{bh}{2}$  Solve for  $b$

$$b = \frac{2A}{h}$$

Do	Undo
$\circlearrowleft h$	$\div h$
$\cdot 2$	$\cdot 2$
$=A$	$=A$

~~X~~  $R = \frac{I}{E}$  Solve for  $E$

$$R = E$$

Do	Undo
$\circlearrowleft I$	$\cdot I$
$=R$	$=R$

10)  $V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$  Solve for  $h$

$$h = \frac{V}{\frac{1}{3}\pi B}$$

Do	Undo
$\circlearrowleft B$	$\div B$
$\cdot \frac{1}{3}$	$\cdot \frac{1}{3}$
$=V$	$=V$

11)  $m = \frac{2E}{v^2}$  Solve for  $E$

$$E = \frac{mv^2}{2}$$

Do	Undo
$\circlearrowleft v^2$	$\div v^2$
$\cdot 2$	$\cdot 2$
$=m$	$=m$

12)  $A = 2\pi r^2 h$  Solve for  $h$

$$h = \frac{A}{2\pi r^2}$$

Do	Undo
$\circlearrowleft r^2$	$\div r^2$
$\cdot 2\pi$	$\div 2\pi$
$=A$	$=A$

a. Find the area of a triangle with a height of 6cm and a base of 3cm.

$$A = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)(3)(6) = \frac{1}{2}(18) = 9\text{ cm}^2$$

b. Solve the area formula for b.

$$b = \frac{A}{\frac{1}{2}h} = b = \frac{2A}{h}$$

Do	Undo
$\circled{b}$	$\div \frac{1}{2}$
$\cdot \frac{1}{2}$	$\div h$
$\cdot h$	$= A$
$= A$	

c. Find the base of a triangle whose area is 20in and whose height is 4in.

$$b = \frac{2(20)}{4} = \frac{40}{4} = 10\text{ in}$$
$$20 = \frac{1}{2} \cdot b \cdot 4 \quad 20 = 2b \quad \text{or} \quad b = 10\text{ in}$$

2. The formula  $d = rt$  tells the distance traveled at a given rate and time.

a. Solve the equation for t.

$$t = \frac{d}{r}$$

Do	Undo
$\circled{t}$	$\times r$
$\cdot r$	$\div r$
$= d$	$= d$

b. Determine how long it will take an airplane to travel 2,000 miles if it flies:

i. 200 miles per hour  $t = \frac{2000}{200} = 10\text{ h}$

ii. 400 miles per hour  $t = \frac{2000}{400} = 5\text{ h}$

iii. 600 miles per hour  $\frac{2000}{600} = \frac{20}{6} = 3.3\text{ h}$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3.3 \\ 6 \sqrt{20} \\ \underline{-18} \\ 2 \end{array}$$

3. The volume of a box  $V$  is given by the formula  $V = lwh$

a. Solve the formula for h.

$$h = \frac{V}{lw}$$

Do	Undo
$\circled{h}$	$\div w$
$\cdot w$	$\div l$
$\cdot l$	
$= V$	$= V$

b. What is the height of a box with a volume of 50 cubic meters, length of 10 meters, and width of 2 meters?

$$h = \frac{50}{(10)(2)} = \frac{50}{20} = 2.5\text{ m}$$