

Solve by the Quadratic Formula

STEPS:

1. Write in standard form.
2. Identify a, b, and c.
3. Substitute the numbers into the formula below.

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

4. Simplify and solve.

Solve the equation by the quadratic formula.

$$x^2 - 8x + 12 = 0$$

$$a = 1 \quad b = -8 \quad c = 12$$

$$x = \frac{-(-8) \pm \sqrt{(-8)^2 - 4(1)(12)}}{2(1)}$$

$$x = \frac{8 \pm 4}{2} = \frac{12}{2} = \boxed{6 = x} \quad \frac{4}{2} + \boxed{2 = x}$$

$$x^2 - 8x + 25 = 0$$

$$a = 1 \quad b = -8 \quad c = 25$$

$$x = \frac{-(-8) \pm \sqrt{(-8)^2 - 4(1)(25)}}{2(1)}$$

$$x = \frac{8 \pm 6i}{2} \quad \boxed{x = 4 \pm 3i}$$

$$x^2 - 14x = 4$$

$$a = 1 \quad b = -14 \quad c = -4$$

$$x = \frac{-(-14) \pm \sqrt{(-14)^2 - 4(1)(-4)}}{2(1)}$$

$$x = \frac{14 \pm 2\sqrt{53}}{2} = 7 \pm \sqrt{53}$$

$$2x^2 + 6x - 5 = 0$$

$$a = 2 \quad b = 6 \quad c = -5$$

$$x = \frac{-(6) \pm \sqrt{(6)^2 - 4(2)(-5)}}{2(2)}$$

$$x = \frac{-6 \pm 2\sqrt{19}}{4} = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{19}}{2}$$

$$x^2 - 6x - 14 = 0$$

$$a = 1 \quad b = -6 \quad c = -14$$

$$x = \frac{-(-6) \pm \sqrt{(-6)^2 - 4(1)(-14)}}{2(1)}$$

$$x = \frac{6 \pm 2\sqrt{23}}{2} \quad \text{or} \quad x = 3 \pm \sqrt{23}$$

$$x^2 - 2x + 3 = 0$$

$$a = 1 \quad b = -2 \quad c = 3$$

$$x = \frac{-(-2) \pm \sqrt{(-2)^2 - 4(1)(3)}}{2(1)}$$

$$x = \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{8}}{2} \quad x = \frac{2 \pm 2i\sqrt{2}}{2} \quad \boxed{x = 1 \pm i\sqrt{2}}$$

$$x^2 - 10x = -49$$

$$a = 1 \quad b = -10 \quad c = 49$$

$$x^2 - 10x + 49 = 0$$

$$x = \frac{-(-10) \pm \sqrt{(-10)^2 - 4(1)(49)}}{2(1)}$$

$$x = \frac{10 \pm \sqrt{-96}}{2} = \frac{10 \pm 4i\sqrt{6}}{2} = \boxed{5 \pm 2i\sqrt{6}}$$

$$3x^2 - 16x + 10 = 0$$

$$a = 3 \quad b = -16 \quad c = 10$$

$$x = \frac{-(-16) \pm \sqrt{(-16)^2 - 4(3)(10)}}{2(3)}$$

$$x = \frac{16 \pm 2\sqrt{34}}{6} = \boxed{\frac{8 \pm \sqrt{34}}{3}}$$