Quadrant	Quadrant 1	Quadrant 2	Quadrant 3	Quadrant 4
Picture:	x	·x	x	x
Degrees:	$Ref \angle = \theta$	$Ref \angle = 180 - \theta$	$Ref \angle = \theta - 180$	$Ref \angle = 360 - \theta$
Radians:	$Ref \angle = \theta$	$\operatorname{Ref} \angle = \pi - \theta$	$\operatorname{Ref} \angle = \theta - \pi$	$\operatorname{Ref} \angle = 2\pi - \theta$

^{**} If starting angle is Greater than 360° (2π) , start by subtracting 360 (2π) , from the starting angle until the angle is between 0° and 360° (2π) . Then find the reference angle.

For each of the following, find the reference angle θ .

1.
$$\theta = 57^{\circ}$$

$$2. \theta = 113^{\circ}$$

$$3. \theta = 300^{\circ}$$

$$4. \theta = 280^{\circ}$$

$$5. \theta = 100^{\circ}$$

6.
$$\theta = 420^{\circ}$$

$$7. \theta = 340^{\circ}$$

$$8. \theta = 225^{\circ}$$

9.
$$\theta = 143^{\circ}$$

$$10. \theta = 30^{\circ}$$

11.
$$\theta = 120^{\circ}$$

12.
$$\theta = 315^{\circ}$$

13.
$$\theta = 240^{\circ}$$

14.
$$\theta = -230^{\circ}$$

15.
$$\theta = -135^{\circ}$$

16.
$$\theta = -60^{\circ}$$

17.
$$\theta = \frac{7\pi}{6}$$

18.
$$\theta = \frac{5\pi}{3}$$

19.
$$\theta = \frac{\pi}{6}$$

$$20. \theta = \frac{5\pi}{4}$$

21.
$$\theta = -\frac{2\pi}{3}$$

22.
$$\theta = \frac{-4\pi}{3}$$

23.
$$\theta = \frac{17\pi}{4}$$

24.
$$\theta = \frac{-11\pi}{6}$$

^{**} If starting angle is negative, start by adding 360 (2π) , from the starting angle until the angle is between 0° and 360° (2π) . Then find the reference angle.