

## Main Ideas/Questions

## Notes/Examples

**WARM-UP**  
Using a common base to solve an exponential equation.

**Directions:** Solve the equations below using a common base.

$$1. 5^{n+10} = 25$$

$$\cancel{5}^{n+10} = \cancel{5}^2$$

$$n+10 = 2$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -10 \quad -10 \\ \hline n = -8 \end{array}$$

$$2. 9^{a+2} = 27^{4a-2}$$

$$\cancel{3}^{2(a+2)} = \cancel{3}^{3(4a-2)}$$

$$2a+4 = 12a-6$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -12a \quad -12a \\ \hline -10a+4 = -6 \\ \quad -4 \quad -4 \\ \hline -10a = -10 \end{array}$$

$$a = 1$$

What if a common base is NOT possible?

- ① ISOLATE the exponential expression.
- ② TAKE THE LOG of both sides.
- ③ You may need to EXPAND the log. (Use the Power Rule)
- ④ SOLVE and CHECK FOR EXTRANEOUS SOLUTIONS.

\*Rounded answers may not produce the exact same answer, but will be very close.

Examples

$$3. 2^x = 61$$

$$\log 2^x = \log 61$$

$$x \frac{\log 2}{\log 2} = \frac{\log 61}{\log 2}$$

$$x \approx 5.9$$

$$4. 8^{m-7} = 92$$

$$\log 8^{m-7} = \log 92$$

$$(m-7) \frac{\log 8}{\log 8} = \frac{\log 92}{\log 8}$$

$$m-7 = 2.2$$

$$m \approx 9.2$$

$$5. \frac{4 \cdot 7^n}{4} = \frac{148}{4}$$

$$7^n = 37$$

$$\log 7^n = \log 37$$

$$n \log 7 = \log 37$$

$$n = \frac{\log 37}{\log 7}$$

$$n \approx 1.9$$

$$6. 4^{3w} - 5 = 3$$

$$\begin{array}{r} +5 \quad +5 \\ \hline 4^{3w} = 8 \end{array}$$

$$\log 4^{3w} = \log 8$$

$$3w = \frac{\log 8}{\log 4}$$

$$3w = 1.5$$

$$w \approx .5$$

$$7. 7^{-4^{x+1}} = 18$$

$$8. \frac{10 \cdot 5^{3k-3}}{10} = 40$$

$$5^{3k-3} = 4$$

$$\log 5^{3k-3} = \log 4$$

$$3k-3 = \frac{\log 4}{\log 5}$$

$$3k-3 = .9$$

$$\frac{3k-3}{+3} = \frac{.9}{+3}$$

$$\frac{3k}{3} = \frac{B.9}{3}$$

$$k \approx 1.3$$

$$9. \frac{4 \cdot 3^n + 15}{-15} = \frac{359}{-15}$$

$$\frac{4 \cdot 3^n}{4} = \frac{344}{4}$$

$$3^n = 86$$

$$n \log 3 = \log 86$$

$$n = \frac{\log 86}{\log 3}$$

$$n \approx 4.1$$

$$10. \frac{-2 \cdot 5^p + 7}{-7} = \frac{-63}{-7}$$

$$\frac{-2 \cdot 5^p}{-2} = \frac{-70}{-2}$$

$$5^p = 35$$

$$p \log 5 = \log 35$$

$$p = \frac{\log 35}{\log 5}$$

$$p \approx 2.2$$

$$11. \frac{5 \cdot 9^{v-1} + 1}{-1} = \frac{181}{-1}$$

$$\frac{5 \cdot 9^{v-1}}{5} = \frac{180}{5}$$

$$9^{v-1} = 36$$

$$v-1 (\log 9) = \log 36$$

$$v-1 = \frac{\log 36}{\log 9}$$

$$v-1 = 1.6$$

$$v \approx 2.6$$

$$12. \frac{8 \cdot 11^{7k} - 3}{+3} = \frac{213}{+3}$$

$$\frac{8 \cdot 11^{7k}}{8} = \frac{216}{8}$$

$$11^{7k} = 27$$

$$7k \log 11 = \log 27$$

$$7k = \frac{\log 27}{\log 11}$$

$$7k = 1.4$$

$$k \approx .2$$

$$13. \frac{6 \cdot 16^{7y+2} - 2}{+2} = \frac{82}{+2}$$

$$\frac{6 \cdot 16^{7y+2}}{6} = \frac{84}{6}$$

$$16^{7y+2} = 14$$

$$(7y+2) \log 16 = \log 14$$

$$7y+2 = \frac{\log 14}{\log 16}$$

$$7y+2 = .95$$

$$\frac{7y+2}{-2} = \frac{.95}{-2}$$

$$7y = -1.05$$

$$y = -.15$$

$$14. \frac{3 \cdot 8^{3-7n} + 10}{-10} = \frac{94}{-10}$$

$$\frac{3 \cdot 8^{3-7n}}{3} = \frac{84}{3}$$

$$8^{3-7n} = 28$$

$$3-7n = \frac{\log 28}{\log 8}$$

$$3-7n = 1.6$$

$$-7n = -1.4$$

$$n \approx .2$$